



Perspectives from Main Street: The Impact of COVID-19 on Low- to Moderate-Income Communities and the Entities Serving Them

THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

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ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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About the Survey

The spread of the coronavirus (COVID-19) and the many efforts to slow it are impacting communities across the nation. In order to best respond to this crisis, information is needed about the scope and scale of challenges in various communities. This report offers findings of a survey designed to collect information on the effects of COVID-19 on communities and people in low- to moderateincome households and the entities serving them. It was fielded by all 12 Reserve banks and the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System¹ between Oct. 7 and Oct. 16, 2020, and resulted in 1,127 responses. Responses were collected through a convenience sampling method that relied on contact databases to identify representatives of nonprofit organizations, financial institutions, government agencies and other community organizations. These representatives were invited by email to participate in an online survey. Similar surveys were conducted in April (see PDF report), June (see PDF report) and August (see PDF report).

Because these surveys rely on a convenience sampling method, the individuals who receive it and respond to it will vary. Each survey provides an insightful and informative "snapshot" into how COVID-19 was affecting people and organizations on the dates the survey was administered. Due to the differences in the composition of respondents, readers should be careful when making comparisons between findings in the survey reports.

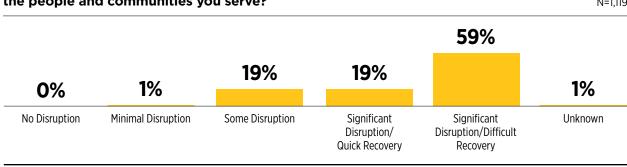
Survey Findings

Overall, the survey finds:

- 59% of respondents indicated COVID-19 was a significant disruption to the economic conditions of the communities they serve and expected recovery to be difficult.
- 38% cited income loss, job loss and unemployment as the top impacts of COVID-19 on the people and communities they serve.
- Over half of respondents (56%) indicated it will take more than 12 months for their communities to return to the conditions prior to the disruption of COVID-19.
- 48% of respondents indicated COVID-19 is having a significant disruption on the entity they represent, with half of them (24% of total respondents) expecting to bounce back quickly after recovery begins.
- 64% indicated demand for their services has increased since August, and 37% noted a corresponding decrease in their ability to provide services. Meanwhile, 53% said their expenses continued to increase, with little sign of increases in funding.
- Almost a quarter of respondents (23%) indicated their entity could operate for less than six months in the current environment before exhibiting financial distress.

 <u>The Federal Reserve's community development function</u> seeks to promote the economic resilience and mobility of low- to moderate-income and underserved households (LMI) and communities across the United States.

THE IMPACT OF COVID-19 ON LOW- TO MODERATE-INCOME COMMUNITIES



At this point in time, what level of disruption is COVID-19 having on economic conditions for the people and communities you serve?

At this point in time, what is the top impact of COVID-19 on the people and communities you serve?

38% 27% 13% 8% **6%** 5% 1% 2% **Public Financial** Income Loss/ **Business** Education **Basic Consumer** Other Health Private Job Loss/ Impacts Needs Supports Financial Unemployment Supports

Over the past eight weeks, how have COVID-19 related impacts changed for the people and communities you serve?

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	Income Loss/ Job Loss/ Unemployment N=1,108	Basic Consumer Needs N=1,097	Business Impacts N=1,099	Education N=1,102	Health N=1,099	Private Financial Supports N=1,095	Public Financial Supports N=1,096
Getting Significantly Worse	18%	15%	15%	20%	13%	11%	19%
Getting Modestly Worse	37%	29%	36%	38%	32%	27%	28%
No Change	19%	31%	18%	18%	31%	35%	29%
Getting Modestly Better	22%	17%	24%	17%	15%	12%	14%
Getting Significantly Better	2%	5%	2%	2%	4%	2%	3%
Unknown	3%	3%	5%	5%	5%	14%	7%

Starting from today, how long do you expect it will take the people and communities you serve to return to the conditions they were experiencing before the impact of COVID-19?

N=1,113

N=1,117

				56%				
1%	5%	11%	19%		9%			
<3 Months	3-6 Months	7-9 Months	10-12 Months	>12 Months	Unknown			

THE IMPACT OF COVID-19 ON ENTITIES SERVING LOW- TO MODERATE-INCOME COMMUNITIES

At this point in time, what level of disruption is COVID-19 having on the entity you represent?

N=1,113

1%	8%	43%	24%	24%	0%
No Disruption	Minimal Disruption	Some Disruption	Significant Disruption/ Quick Recovery	Significant Disruption/ Difficult Recovery	Unknown

Over the past eight weeks, in what ways has COVID-19 impacted the entity you represent?

	Demand for Services	Ability to Provide Services	Staffing Levels	Expenses	Fee for Service	Individual Donations	Corporate Donations	Foundation Funds	Government Funds	Apps. for Credit
	N=1,105	N=1,101	N=1,100	N=1,100	N=1,085	N=1,092	N=1,094	N=1,085	N=1,091	N=1,082
Significantly Decreased	9%	10%	7%	3%	9%	12%	13%	8%	10%	4%
Modestly Decreased	11%	27%	22%	16%	11%	17%	15%	11%	9%	4%
No Change	14%	31%	50%	27%	46%	29%	29 %	34%	30%	37%
Modestly Increased	29%	21%	13%	35%	7%	12%	12%	15%	20%	10%
Significantly Increased	35%	10%	6%	18%	2%	3%	4%	5%	13%	6%
N/A	1%	1%	3%	2%	24%	27%	27%	28%	18%	39 %

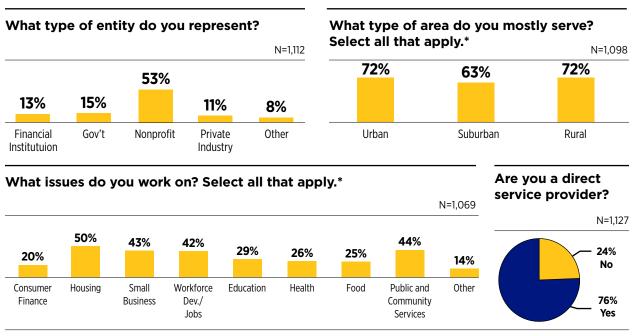
Given your existing resources, how many months can your entity operate in the current environment before exhibiting financial distress?

N=1,110

16%	10%	13%	11%	12%	24%	14%
Current Environment Does Not Impact Our Financial Health	<3 Months	3-6 Months	7-9 Months	10-12 Months	>12 Months	Unknown

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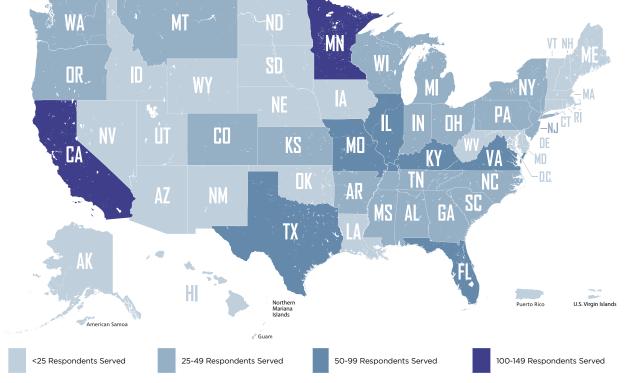
RESPONDENT PROFILES



* Aggregate percentages exceed 100% due to the ability of respondents to select all that apply.

In which states and/or territories do you conduct most of your work? Select all that apply.

N=1,103



80 respondents indicated they worked nationwide.

Income Loss/Job Loss/Unemployment — refers to any changes resulting in a reduction of income.

Impacts on Basic Consumer Needs — refers to any changes in needs for housing, food and other personal needs.

Business Impacts — refers to disruptions through short- or long-term closure, supply chain disruption and reduced demand.

Education Impacts — refers to any disruptions in child care, K-12 and higher education.

Health Impacts — refers to changes in access to adequate health care or health insurance, and impacts on mental or physical health.

Impacts on Private Financial Supports — refers to the ability to access private lending and philanthropic resources to serve individuals and communities.

Impacts on Public Financial Supports — refers to the ability to access federal and state resources to serve individuals and communities.